# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

3500-4, 3500-20, 3500-205

Other means of identification

**Product code** 

: Liquid. **Product type** 

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** : Multipurpose lubricating spray.

Supplier/Manufacturer : Awsum Outcomes Inc.

Bay 5, 409 38th Avenue NE Calgary Alberta Canada T2E 6R9

Tel: 1 587-353-2000 Toll Free: 1-844-512-4093 Email: sales@wvi.global

Web: www.awsumoutcomes.com

CANUTEC - 24 hr Emergency No. 1-888-CANUTEC (226-8832) (North American use)

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of operation)

: and/or 1-613-996-6666 (International use)

1-844-512-4093 8am to 4pm MST

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture **GHS** label elements

: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Hazard pictograms** 



Signal word : Danger

: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Hazard statements** 

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** : Not applicable.

: P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or Response

physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

: P405 - Store locked up. **Storage** 

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national **Disposal** 

and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification

. WIXLUI

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1 7 7	80 - 100 5 - 10	64742-53-6 68425-15-0

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of \$1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.





## Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub> or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

: Oxides of carbon, sulphur, calcium, phosphorous, nitrogen, zinc, chlorine, hydrogen, chloride, hydrogen sulphide and dense smoke.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up





## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### **United States**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist  STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	None.

## Canada

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist  15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist  STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color : Dark amber.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Melting point : -36°C (-32.8°F)

Boiling point/boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 130°C (266°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.





# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 0.86

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.08 cm²/s (8 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, strong acids,

strong bases.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Oxides of carbon, sulphur, calcium, phosphorous, nitrogen, zinc, chlorine, hydrogen,

chloride, hydrogen sulphide and dense smoke.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

## Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m³	4 hours
iight haphtherile	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

There is no data available.

## **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

## Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

## **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)





# Section 11. Toxicological information

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

There is no data available.





# **Section 12. Ecological information**

## **Toxicity**

There is no data available.

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Polysulfides, di-tert-dodecyl	>6.2	-	high

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: Not applicable.





# **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## **SARA 313**

There is no data available.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

naphthenic

**New York** : None of the components are listed. : None of the components are listed. **New Jersey Pennsylvania** : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### **Canadian lists**

Canada inventory (DSL

NDSL)

: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

**Canadian NPRI** : None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.





## Section 16. Other information

## Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

## **History**

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 07/15/2019

Date of previous issue : Not applicable

Version :

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.